

PRIVATE MORTGAGE INSURANCE: Promoting Homeownership for California Families

Mortgage insurance (MI) is typically required by mortgage lenders to approve homebuyers who have down payments less than 20% of the purchase price. For 68 years, private MI has been an important component in the U.S. housing finance system, helping borrowers in California and across the country to access home financing while protecting lenders and taxpayers.

By design, private MI is a proven, reliable method for shielding the government-sponsored enterprises (GSEs), Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, as well as American taxpayers, from losses on mortgage credit risk. Private MI companies paid nearly **\$60 billion**¹ in claims since the 2008 financial crisis and housing market downturn, absorbing losses that the government and taxpayers would have otherwise incurred.

Down Payment is One of the Biggest Hurdles to Homeownership

A 20% down payment is out of reach for many families and could sideline them from homeownership for years. For example, it could take 27² years for a household earning the national median income of \$74,580³ to save 20%, plus closing costs, for a \$394,100⁴ home (national median sales price).

In California, the median income is \$85,300⁵ and the median sales prices for a single-family home is \$812,100.⁶ Using this same analysis, it would take 49⁷ years for a state resident to save 20%, plus closing costs (3% of the total sales price on average).⁸

PRIVATE MI HELPS BORROWERS AFFORD A HOME SOONER

Private MI not only helps borrowers overcome the biggest hurdle to homeownership but acts as a second set of eyes with independent credit underwriting standards. It aligns the interests of borrowers, lenders, and investors.

\$186,783 (49 Years to Save) 20% Down Payment without private MI, plus closing costs

(U.S. \$90,643)

 Wedian household income: \$85,300 (U.S. \$74,580)

 Median home price: \$812,100 (U.S. \$394,100)

LONGER WAIT TIME TO BUILD 20% DOWN PAYMENTS



5% Down Payment with private MI, plus closing costs (U.S. \$31,528)

Black 38 Firefighter (\$53,500) 35 \$57,120 YEARS YEARS Hispanic 32 31 Middle School Teacher (^{\$}62,800) \$64,290 YEARS YEARS 1.2 times longer than White households Registered Nurse White 23 26 \$86,070 (\$\$77,250) YFARS VEARS Veterinarian Asian \$119,100 18 (\$109,400) YEARS YEARS

Dollar amounts by race/ethnicity⁹ and occupation¹⁰ represent median income.

Who is Borrowing in California

AVG. Credit Score¹¹ (U.S. 715)

\$**85,300** Median Household Income¹² (U.S. \$74,580)



Borrowers with Private MI in California

~35[%]

Borrowers with Incomes Less than \$75,000¹⁵

42,920

Homeowners Helped in 2023¹⁶ (U.S. ~800,000)

\$**541,529**

Avg. Loan Amount Purchased/Refinanced with private MI¹⁷ (U.S. \$346,817)

72[%]

753

Average FICO Credit

Score¹⁹ (U.S. 749)

First-Time

(U.S. 64%)

Homebuyers¹⁸



39 MILLION

Private MI Helps Borrowers Bridge the Down Payment Gap

By helping borrowers qualify for a mortgage with a down payment as low as 3%, private MI has given nearly 39 million families nationally the opportunity to purchase a home sooner for 67 years.²⁰

Private MI Protects Taxpayers

Private MI is a first level of credit protection against the risk of loss on a mortgage in the event a borrower is not able to repay the loan and there is not sufficient equity in the home to cover the amount owed. With the GSEs in conservatorship and the government effectively guaranteeing the GSEs, taxpayers face direct exposure to mortgage credit losses experienced by the GSEs. Traditionally, for loans with down payments under 20% of the home value, private MI – not taxpayers – covers the first losses if there is a default, up to certain coverage limits.



Amount private MI industry covered in claims for losses²¹

48%

Insured market originations that private MI protected in 2023²²

^{\$}1.6 Trillion

Amount in mortgages currently outstanding with private MI protection²³

Private MI is Temporary

Unlike FHA and other government mortgage insurance, which typically cannot be cancelled, private MI paid for by the borrower monthly can be cancelled, leading to potential savings over the life of their loan. Private MI can be cancelled in two ways:²⁴

A borrower may request cancellation of private MI when he/she has established 20% equity in the home. Cancellation is subject to certain conditions, such as seasoning requirements and proof of the property's value When the principal balance of the mortgage is scheduled to reach 78% of the home's original value and the borrower is current on payments, the servicer terminates private MI.

Tax Treatment of MI

Social and Economic

Supplements (Table H-8).

For tax years 2007-2021, millions of homeowners claimed the federal tax deduction for borrower-paid MI premiums, allowing them to save more of their hard-earned dollars. USMI has consistently led a coalition of housing organizations to advocate for making the MI tax deduction permanent and expanding its eligibility. Data through tax year 2021 shows:²⁵

California (2021)	\$ 523.6 Million Total MI deductions claimed by homeowners in 2021	171,820 Number of households that claimed the deduction in 2021	\$ 3,047 Average MI deduction a in 2021	mount	3.4 M	rage annual neowners who deduction for
National (2007-2021)	\$ 64.7 Billion Total MI deductions claimed by homeowners for 2007-2021	44.5 Million Number of times the MI deduction was claimed for 2007-2021	\$1,454 Average MI deduction a for 2007-2021	mount	National ave number of hom claimed the MI 2007-:	
 GSE Statutory Filings and Company Annual Reports Calculated based on mec household income in 202 (latest data available fror the U.S. Census Bureau); median sales price for a single-family home in 202 according to National Association of REALTOR: median savings rate in 20 according to data from th Federal Reserve. U.S. Census Bureau, Curr Population Survey, Annua 	 REALTORS[®]. U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplements (Table H-8). Redfin Analysis of MLS Data for Single-Family Residences. Pata for Single - Family Residences. 	household income in 2022 (latest data available from the U.S. Census Bureau); median sales price for a single-family home in 2023, according to Redfin Analysis of MLS Data for Single-Fami- ly Residences; median savings rate in 2023, according to data from the Federal Reserve.	 ¹⁰ U.S. Census Bureau, Historical Income Tables (Table H-9) U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Occupational Employment & Wages (May 2023). ¹¹ Experian data from January to December 2023. ¹² U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplements (Table H-8). ¹³ Redfin Analysis of MLS Data for Single-Family Residences. 	 ¹⁷ GSE A ¹⁸ GSE A ¹⁹ GSE A ²⁰ USMI GSE A ²¹ GSE S Comp ²² MI Co Report Report Famil 	Aggregate Data. Aggregate Data. Aggregate Data. Aggregate Data. Member Company and Aggregate Data. Statutory Filings and MI bany Annual Reports. Statutory Annual rts, VA Monthly Volume rts, and FHA Single y Market Share	 ²³ MI Company Annual Reports. ²⁴ Consumer Financial Protection Bureau. ²⁵ Internal Revenue Service.

¹⁴ National Association of

REALTORS®

Social and Economic

Supplements (Table H-8)

www.usmi.org