

### **PRIVATE MORTGAGE INSURANCE:** Promoting Homeownership for Maryland Families

Mortgage insurance (MI) is typically required by mortgage lenders to approve homebuyers who have down payments less than 20% of the purchase price. For 68 years, private MI has been an important component in the U.S. housing finance system, helping borrowers in Alabama and across the country to access home financing while protecting lenders and taxpayers.

By design, private MI is a proven, reliable method for shielding the government-sponsored enterprises (GSEs), Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, as well as American taxpayers, from losses on mortgage credit risk. Private MI companies paid nearly \$60 billion<sup>1</sup> in claims since the 2008 financial crisis and housing market downturn, absorbing losses that the government and taxpayers would have otherwise incurred.

#### Down Payment is One of the Biggest Hurdles to Homeownership

A 20% down payment is out of reach for many families and could sideline them from homeownership for years. For example, it could take 27<sup>2</sup> years for a household earning the national median income of \$74,580<sup>3</sup> to save 20%, plus closing costs, for a \$394,100<sup>4</sup> home (national median sales price).

In Maryland, the median income is \$108,200<sup>5</sup> and the median sales prices for a single-family home is \$489,300.<sup>6</sup> Using this same analysis, it would take  $23^7$  years for a state resident to save 20%, plus closing costs (3% of the total sales price on average).<sup>8</sup>

#### PRIVATE MI HELPS BORROWERS AFFORD A HOME SOONER

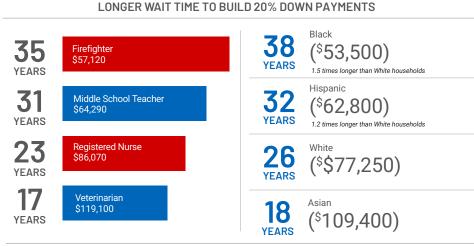
Private MI not only helps borrowers overcome the biggest hurdle to homeownership but acts as a second set of eyes with independent credit underwriting standards. It aligns the interests of borrowers, lenders, and investors.



(23 Years to Save) 20% Down Payment without private MI, plus closing costs (U.S. \$90,643)



Median household income: \$108,200 (U.S. \$74,580) Median home price: \$489,300 (U.S. \$394,100)



Dollar amounts by race/ethnicity<sup>9</sup> and occupation<sup>10</sup> represent median income.

Who is Borrowing in Maryland

AVG. Credit Score<sup>11</sup> (U.S. 715)

\$108,200 Median Household Income<sup>12</sup> (U.S. \$74,580)



#### **Borrowers with Private MI in Maryland**

~35<sup>%</sup>

Borrowers with Incomes Less than \$75,00015

16,544

\$39,144

(8 Years to Save)

5% Down Payment with private

MI, plus closing costs

(U.S. \$31,528)

Homeowners Helped in 2023<sup>16</sup> (U.S. ~800,000)



Avg. Loan Amount Purchased/Refinanced with private MI<sup>17</sup> (U.S. \$346,817)

**67**<sup>%</sup>

First-Time Homebuyers<sup>18</sup> (U.S. 64%)

751

Average FICO Credit Score<sup>19</sup> (U.S. 749)

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# 39 MILLION

#### Private MI Helps Borrowers Bridge the Down Payment Gap

By helping borrowers qualify for a mortgage with a down payment as low as 3%, private MI has given nearly 39 million families nationally the opportunity to purchase a home sooner for 67 years.<sup>20</sup>

#### **Private MI Protects Taxpayers**

Private MI is a first level of credit protection against the risk of loss on a mortgage in the event a borrower is not able to repay the loan and there is not sufficient equity in the home to cover the amount owed. With the GSEs in conservatorship and the government effectively guaranteeing the GSEs, taxpayers face direct exposure to mortgage credit losses experienced by the GSEs. Traditionally, for loans with down payments under 20% of the home value, private MI – not taxpayers – covers the first losses if there is a default, up to certain coverage limits.



Amount private MI industry covered in claims for losses<sup>21</sup>



Insured market originations that private MI protected in 2023<sup>22</sup>

## <sup>\$</sup>1.6 Trillion

Amount in mortgages currently outstanding with private MI protection<sup>23</sup>

#### **Private MI is Temporary**

Unlike FHA and other government mortgage insurance, which typically cannot be cancelled, private MI paid for by the borrower monthly can be cancelled, leading to potential savings over the life of their loan. Private MI can be cancelled in two ways:<sup>24</sup>

A borrower may request cancellation of private MI when he/she has established 20% equity in the home. Cancellation is subject to certain conditions, such as seasoning requirements and proof of the property's value When the principal balance of the mortgage is scheduled to reach 78% of the home's original value and the borrower is current on payments, the servicer terminates private MI.

#### **Tax Treatment of MI**

For tax years 2007-2021, millions of homeowners claimed the federal tax deduction for borrower-paid MI premiums, allowing them to save more of their hard-earned dollars. USMI has consistently led a coalition of housing organizations to advocate for making the MI tax deduction permanent and expanding its eligibility. Data through tax year 2021 shows:<sup>25</sup>

Maryland (2021)	\$ <b>163.4 Million</b> Total MI deductions claimed by homeowners in 2021	<b>71,630</b> Number of households that claimed the deduction in 202	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	mount	3.4 M	
<b>National</b> (2007-2021)	\$64.7 Billion Total MI deductions claimed by homeowners for 2007-2021	<b>44.5 Million</b> Number of times the MI deduction was claimed for 2007-2021	<b>\$1,454</b> Average MI deduction a for 2007-2021	imount	National ave number of hom claimed the MI 2007-	eowners who deduction for
<ol> <li><sup>1</sup> GSE Statutory Filings ar Company Annual Repor</li> <li><sup>2</sup> Calculated based on me household income in 22 (latest data available frr the U.S. Census Bureau median sales price for a according to National Association of REALTOI median savings rate in 2 according to data from Federal Reserve.</li> <li><sup>3</sup> U.S. Census Bureau, Cu Population Survey, Annu Social and Economic Supplements (Table H-8</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>REALTORS<sup>®</sup>.</li> <li>BUS. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplements (Table H-8).</li> <li>Redfin Analysis of MLS Data for Single-Family Res<sup>®</sup>;</li> <li>2023, the</li> </ul>	household income in 2022 (latest data available from the U.S. Census Bureau); median sales price for a single-family home in 2023, according to Redfin Analysis of MLS Data for Single-Fami- ly Residences; median savings rate in 2023, according to data from the Federal Reserve. <sup>8</sup> Zillow. <sup>9</sup> U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic	<ul> <li><sup>10</sup> U.S. Census Bureau, Historical Income Tables (Table H-9) U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Occupational Employment &amp; Wages (May 2023).</li> <li><sup>11</sup> Experian data from January to December 2023.</li> <li><sup>12</sup> U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplements (Table H-8).</li> <li><sup>13</sup> Redfin Analysis of MLS Data for Single-Family Residences.</li> <li><sup>14</sup> National Association of REALTORS<sup>®</sup>.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>GSE A</li> <li>GSE A</li> <li>GSE A</li> <li>GSE A</li> <li>USMI GSE A</li> <li>GSE S Comp</li> <li>MI Co Report Report</li> </ol>	ggregate Data. ggregate Data. ggregate Data. ggregate Data. Member Company and ggregate Data. tatutory Filings and MI any Annual Reports. mpany Annual ts, VA Monthly Volume ts, and FHA Single / Market Share	<ul> <li><sup>23</sup> MI Company Annual Reports.</li> <li><sup>24</sup> Consumer Financial Protection Bureau.</li> <li><sup>25</sup> Internal Revenue Service.</li> </ul>

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