

MORTGAGE INSURANCE: Helping Missouri Families Get into Homes

Mortgage insurance (MI) is typically required by mortgage lenders to approve homebuyers who have down payments less than 20% of the purchase price. For 60 years, MI has been an important component in the U.S. housing finance system, helping creditworthy borrowers in Missouri and across the country to access home financing while protecting lenders and taxpayers.

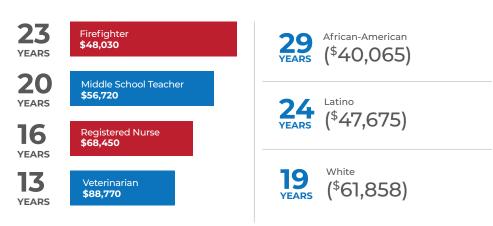
By design MI is a proven, reliable method in shielding the government sponsored enterprises (GSEs), Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, as well as American taxpayers, from losses on mortgage credit risk. MI companies paid more than **\$50 billion**¹ in claims through the financial crisis and housing market downturn, claims the government and taxpayers did not have to provide.

Down Payment is the #1 Impediment to Homeownership

That typical 20% threshold is out of reach for many families. For example, it could take 20 years for a household earning the national median income of \$59,039² to save 20%, plus closing costs, for a \$235,500 home³ (national median sales price).

In Missouri, the median income is $55,016^4$ and the median sales prices for a single-family home is $152,000.^5$ Using this same analysis, it would take 14 years for a state resident to save 20%, plus closing costs.

LONGER WAITS TO BUILD LARGE DOWN PAYMENTS



*All dollar amounts represent median incomes and median sales prices for a single-family home in the U.S.6.7

MI Helps Borrowers Bridge the Gap



By helping borrowers qualify for a mortgage with a down payment as low as 3%, MI has given nearly 30 million families nationally the opportunity

to purchase a home sooner over the last 60 years.⁸

Who is Borrowing in Missouri AVG. Credit Score⁹ (U.S. 728) ^{\$}55,016 Median Household Income¹⁰ (U.S. \$59.039) \$152,000 Median Home Price¹¹ (U.S. \$235.500) 4% White 12 African-American¹³ (U.S. 75%) (U.S. 8%) **2**% 2% Asian 15 Hispanic ¹⁴ (U.S. 11%) (U.S. 6%) Borrowers with MI in Missouri Borrowers with Incomes Less Than \$75,000¹⁶ Homeowners Helped 22,240 in 2016¹⁷ (U.S. > 1 million)¹⁸ Avg. Loan Amount ^{\$}187.452 Purchased/Refinanced with MI¹⁹(U.S. \$240,000)²⁰ First-Time Homebuyers 744 AVG. Credit Score²¹ (U.S. 744)

www.usmi.org



MI Protects Taxpayers

MI is a first level of credit protection against the risk of loss on a mortgage in the event a borrower is not able to repay the loan and there is not sufficient equity in the home to cover the amount owed. With the GSEs in conservatorship and the government effectively guaranteeing the GSEs, taxpayers face direct exposure to mortgage credit losses experienced by the GSEs. Traditionally, for loans with down payments under 20% of the home value, MI - not taxpayers - covers the first losses if there is a default, up to certain coverage limits.

\$50 Billion

Amount MI industry covered in claims for losses²²

\$14 Billion

Amount in new capital industry to back housing finance since 2007²⁴

\$920 Billion

Amount in GSE mortgages currently outstanding with MI protection²³

Insured market that MI protected in 2017²⁵

MI is Temporary

Unlike FHA and other government mortgage insurance, which typically cannot be cancelled, private MI paid for by the borrower can be cancelled, leading to potential savings over the life of their loan. Private MI can be cancelled in two ways:

A borrower may request cancellation of MI when he/she has established 20% equity in the home. In other words, the borrower has paid down the mortgage balance to 80% of the home's original or newly appraised price.

When the principal balance of the mortgage is scheduled to reach 78% of the home's original value and the borrower is current on payments, the servicer terminates MI.

MI is Tax Deductible

MI premiums are tax deductible for gualified taxpayers. This has proven to be an important tool in lowering the cost of homeownership for low- and moderate-income homebuyers; it has resulted in significant savings for families striving to afford a home. In 2015:26

4.1 Million Taxpayers benefited

\$1,529

Average refund amount



Taxpayers with incomes between

\$30.000 and \$100.000

¹ GSE Statutory Filings

- ² U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplements (Table H-8)
- ³ National Association of REALTORS[®]
- ⁴ U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplements (Table H-8)
- ⁵ National Association of REALTORS[®]
- ⁶ U.S. Census Bureau, Historical Income

Tables (Table H-6)

- ⁷U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Occupational Employment & Wages (May 2016)
- ⁸USMI Member Companies
- ⁹ FICO, Average score is based on a nation wide randomsampleof10M+consumerswith1+ mortgages as of October 2016
- ¹⁰ U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population

Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplements (Table H-8)

- ¹¹ National Association of Realtors[®]
- ¹² Home Mortgage Disclosure Act, 2016
- ¹³ Home Mortgage Disclosure Act, 2016
- ¹⁴ Home Mortgage Disclosure Act, 2016
- ¹⁵ Home Mortgage Disclosure Act, 2016
- ¹⁶ USMI Member Companies
- 17 Urban Institute
- ¹⁸ Urban Institute

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- ²⁰ USMI Member Companies
- ²¹ GSE Data
- ²² GSE Statutory Filings
- ²³ Fannie Mae & Freddie Mac 10-Q Filings
- ²⁴ USMI Member Companies
- ²⁵ Inside Mortgage Finance
- ²⁶Internal Revenue Service

