

MORTGAGE INSURANCE: Helping New Mexico Families Get into Homes

Mortgage insurance (MI) is typically required by mortgage lenders to approve homebuyers who have down payments less than 20% of the purchase price. For 60 years, MI has been an important component in the U.S. housing finance system, helping creditworthy borrowers in New Mexico and across the country to access home financing while protecting lenders and taxpayers.

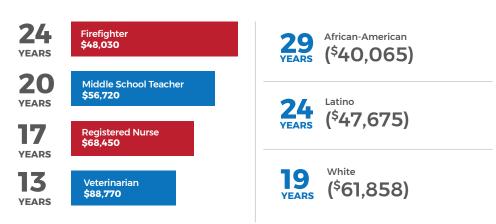
By design MI is a proven, reliable method in shielding the government sponsored enterprises (GSEs), Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, as well as American taxpayers, from losses on mortgage credit risk. MI companies paid more than **\$50 billion**¹ in claims through the financial crisis and housing market downturn, claims the government and taxpayers did not have to provide.

Down Payment is the #1 Impediment to Homeownership

That typical 20% threshold is out of reach for many families. For example, it could take 20 years for a household earning the national median income of \$59,039² to save 20%, plus closing costs, for a \$235,500 home³ (national median sales price).

In New Mexico, the median income is \$48,451⁴ and the median sales prices for a single-family home is \$185,000.⁵ Using this same analysis, it would take 19 years for a state resident to save 20%, plus closing costs.

LONGER WAITS TO BUILD LARGE DOWN PAYMENTS



*All dollar amounts represent median incomes and median sales prices for a single-family home in the U.S.6.7



MI Helps Borrowers Bridge the Gap

By helping borrowers qualify for a mortgage with a down payment as low as 3%, MI has given more than 25 million families nationally the opportunity to purchase a home sooner over the last 60 years.⁸

Who is Borrowing in New Mexico AVG. Credit Score⁹ (U.S. 728) ^{\$}48,451 Median Household Income¹⁰ (U.S. \$59.039) ^{\$}185,000 Median Home Price¹¹ (U.S. \$235,500) 2% White 12 African-American¹³ (U.S. 75%) (U.S. 8%) **2**% Hispanic ¹⁴ Asian 15 (U.S. 11%) (U.S. 6%) **Borrowers with MI in New Mexico** % Borrowers with Incomes Less Than \$75,000¹⁶ Homeowners Helped 5.613 in 2016¹⁷ (U.S. > 1 million)18 Avg. Loan Amount ^{\$}205,139 Purchased/Refinanced with MI¹⁹(U.s. \$240,000)¹⁷ **First-Time** Homebuyers AVG. Credit Score²¹ (U.S. 744)

www.usmi.org



MI Protects Taxpayers

MI is a first level of credit protection against the risk of loss on a mortgage in the event a borrower is not able to repay the loan and there is not sufficient equity in the home to cover the amount owed. With the GSEs in conservatorship and the government effectively guaranteeing the GSEs, taxpayers face direct exposure to mortgage credit losses experienced by the GSEs. Traditionally, for loans with down payments under 20% of the home value, MI – not taxpayers – covers the first losses if there is a default, up to certain coverage limits.

\$50 Billion

Amount MI industry covered in claims for losses²²

^{\$}14 Billion

Amount in new capital invested by the private MI industry to back housing finance since 2007²⁴ \$825 Billion

Amount in GSE mortgages currently outstanding with MI protection²³

34% ¦

Insured market that MI protected in 2016²⁵

MI is Temporary

Unlike FHA and other government mortgage insurance, which typically cannot be cancelled, private MI paid for by the borrower can be cancelled, leading to potential savings over the life of their loan. Private MI can be cancelled in two ways:

A borrower may request cancellation of MI when he/she has established 20% equity in the home. In other words, the borrower has paid down the mortgage balance to 80% of the home's original or newly appraised price. When the principal balance of the mortgage is scheduled to reach 78% of the home's original value and the borrower is current on payments, the servicer terminates MI.

MI is Tax Deductible

MI premiums are tax deductible for qualified taxpayers. This has proven to be an important tool in lowering the cost of homeownership for low- and moderate-income homebuyers; it has resulted in significant savings for families striving to afford a home. In 2015:²⁶

4.1 Million

Taxpayers benefited

\$**1,529**

Average refund amount

\$6.3 Billion Total amount of deductions claimed

Taxpayers with incomes between

^{\$}30.000 and ^{\$}100.000

¹ GSE Statutory Filings

- ² U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplements (Table H-8)
- ³ National Association of REALTORS®
- ⁴ U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplements (Table H-8)
- ⁵ National Association of REALTORS®
- ⁶ U.S. Census Bureau, Historical Income Tables

(Table H-6)

- ⁷ U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Occupational Employment & Wages (May 2016)
- ⁸USMI Member Companies
- ⁹ FICO, Average score is based on a nationwide random sample of 10M+ consumers with 1+ mortgages as of October 2016
- ¹⁰ U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic

Supplements (Table H-8)

- ¹¹ National Association of Realtors®
- ¹²Home Mortgage Disclosure Act, 2016
- ¹³ Home Mortgage Disclosure Act, 2016
- ¹⁴Home Mortgage Disclosure Act, 2016
- ¹⁵ Home Mortgage Disclosure Act, 2016
 ¹⁶ USMI Member Companies
- ¹⁷ Urban Institute
- ¹⁸ Urban Institute
- ¹⁹ GSE Data

- ²⁰ USMI Member Companies ²¹ GSE Data
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- ²² GSE Statutory Filings
- ²³ Fannie Mae & Freddie Mac 10-Q Filings
- 10 G Hinngs
- ²⁴USMI Member Companies
- ²⁵Inside Mortgage Finance
- ²⁶ Internal Revenue Service

